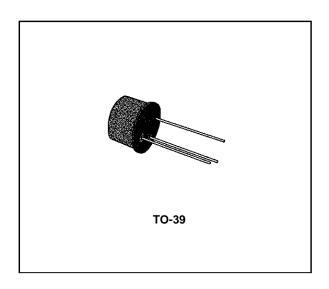
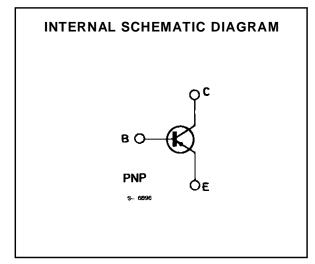


### HIGH-CURRENT GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSISTOR

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The BFX64 is a silicon planar epitaxial PNP transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case. It is designed for digital and analog applications at current levels up to 500 mA, line driver, memory applications and in low-noise amplifiers.





#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-base Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	- 40	V
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-emitter Voltage (I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	- 40	٧
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-base Voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	<b>–</b> 5	V
Ic	Collector Current	- 500	mA
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Power Dissipation at T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	0.7	W
	at T <sub>case</sub> ≤ 25 °C	3	W
T <sub>stg</sub> , T <sub>j</sub>	Storage and Junction Temperature	- 65 to 200	°C

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### THERMAL DATA

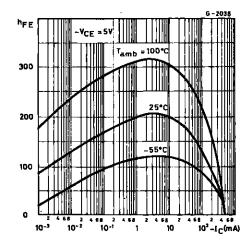
R <sub>th j-case</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	58	°C/W
R <sub>th j-amb</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	250	°C/W

# **ELECTRICAL** CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

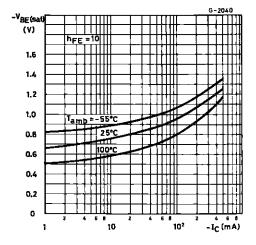
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>BE</sub> = 0)	V <sub>CE</sub> = - 25 V				- 30	nA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 0)	I <sub>C</sub> = - 10 μA		- 40			V
V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub> *	Collector-emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	I <sub>C</sub> = - 10 mA		- 40			V
V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	Emitter-base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>c</sub> = 0)	I <sub>E</sub> = -10 μA		- 5			V
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> *	Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = -2.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = -15 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$		- 0.08 - 0.18 - 0.6	- 0.3 - 0.5 - 1.8	>>>
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub> *	Base-emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = -150 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = -2.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = -15 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$		- 0.92 - 1	- 1.1 - 1.4 - 2.2	>>>
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC Current Gain  * * *	$I_{C} = -10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{C} = -50 \text{ mA}$	$\begin{split} &V_{CE} = -\ 10\ V \\ &V_{CE} = -\ 10\ V \\ &V_{CE} = -\ 10\ V \\ &V_{CE} = -\ 1\ V \\ &V_{CE} = -\ 10\ V \end{split}$	80	130 200 200 150 130		
h <sub>fe</sub>	Small Signal Current Gain	I <sub>C</sub> = - 10 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = - 10 V		200		
f⊤	Transition Frequency	I <sub>C</sub> = - 50 mA f = 100 MHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = - 20 V	200	250		MHz
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base Capacitance	I <sub>C</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz	V <sub>EB</sub> = - 2 V		15	30	pF
ССВО	Collector-base Capacitance	I <sub>E</sub> = 0 f = 1 MHz	V <sub>CB</sub> = - 10 V		6	10	pF
NF	Noise Figure	$I_C = -30 \mu A$ $R_g = 10 k\Omega$	$V_{CE} = -5 V$ f = 1 kHz		1		dB
h <sub>ie</sub>	Input Impedance	I <sub>C</sub> = - 10 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = - 10 V		1		kΩ
h <sub>re</sub>	Reverse Voltage Ratio	I <sub>C</sub> = - 10 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = - 10 V		2.4x10 <sup>-4</sup>		
h <sub>oe</sub>	Output Admittance	I <sub>C</sub> = - 10 mA f = 1 kHz	V <sub>CE</sub> = - 10 V		110		μS
ton	Turn-on Time	$I_C = -300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -30 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>CC</sub> = - 30 V		35	50	ns
t <sub>off</sub>	Turn-off Time	$I_C = -300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -3$	V <sub>CC</sub> = - 30 V 30 mA		70	120	ns

<sup>\*</sup> Pulsed : pulse duration = 300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle = 1 %.

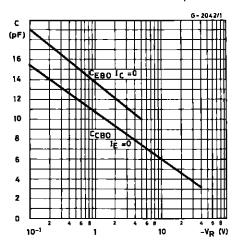
DC Current Gain.



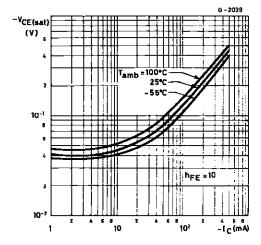
Base-emitter Saturation Voltage.



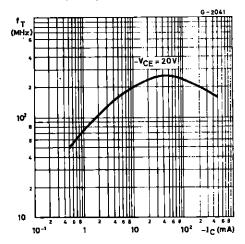
Emitter-base and Collector-base Capacitances.



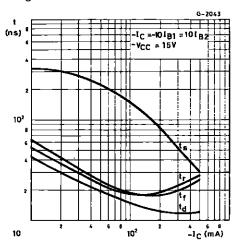
Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage.



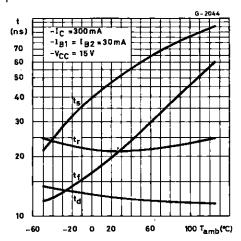
Transition Frequency.



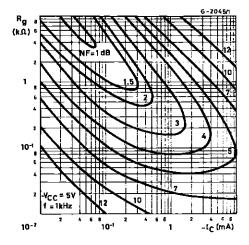
Switching Characteristics.



Switching Characteristics vs. Ambient Temperature.

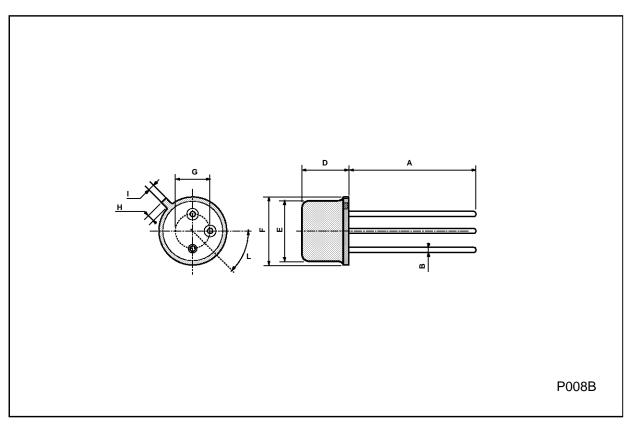


Countours of Constant Noise Figure.



# **TO39 MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm			inch			
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Α	12.7			0.500			
В			0.49			0.019	
D			6.6			0.260	
E			8.5			0.334	
F			9.4			0.370	
G	5.08			0.200			
Н			1.2			0.047	
I			0.9			0.035	
L	45° (typ.)						



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